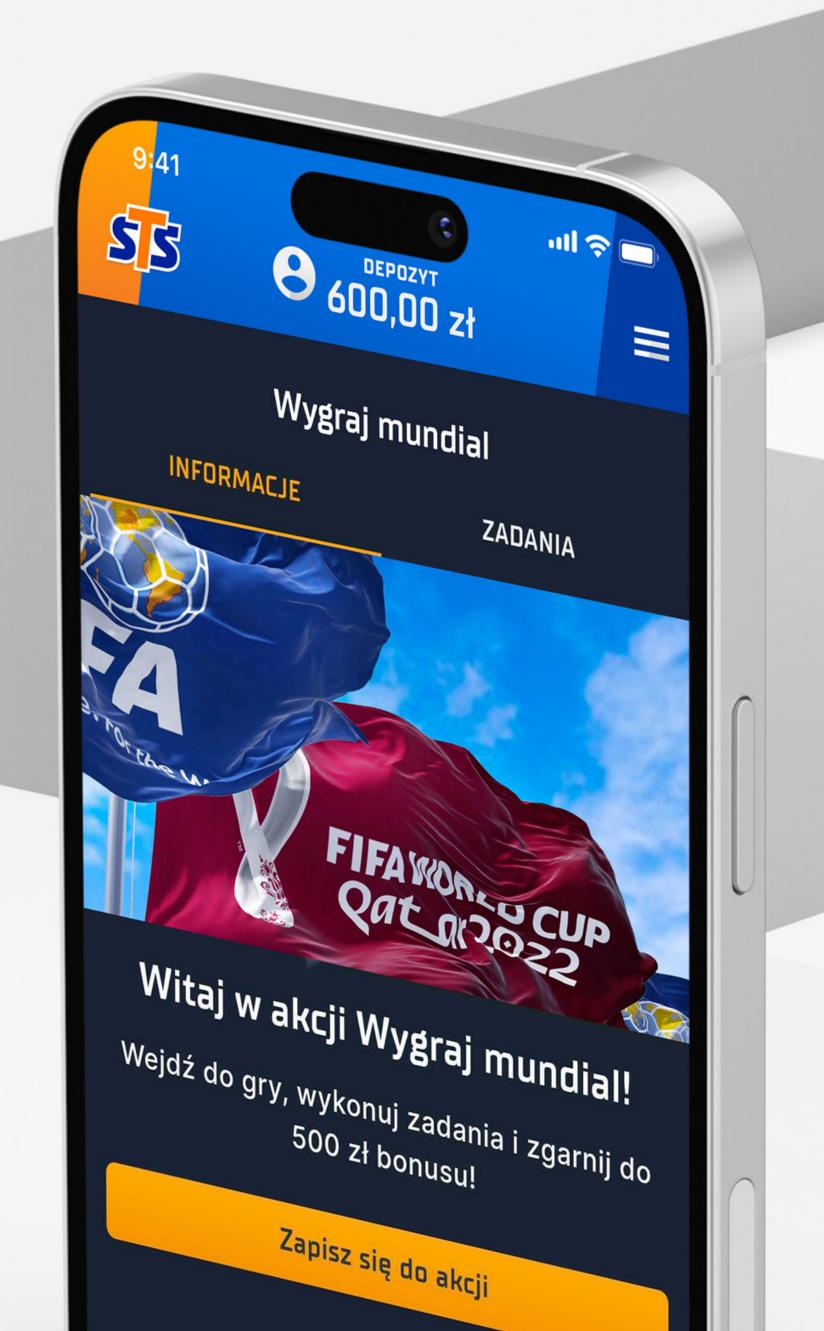


2022 Operating results

January 2023

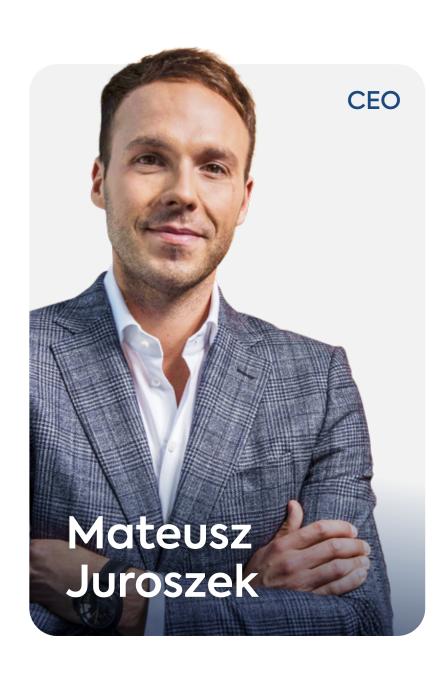


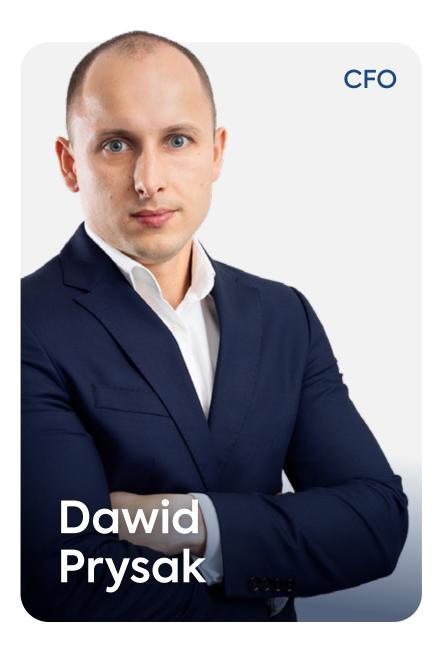


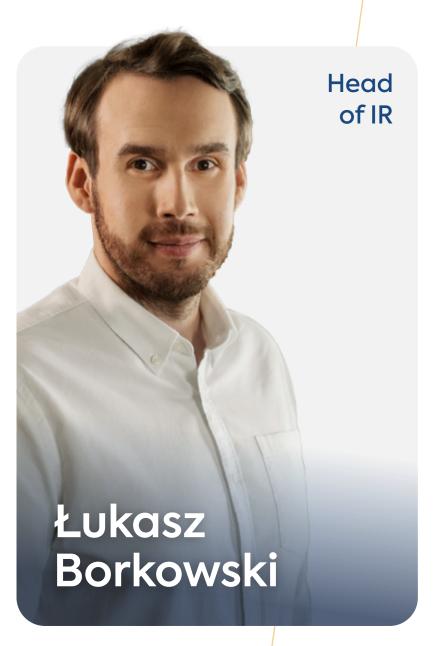
Agenda

- 01. Business update
- 02. Plans for 2023
- 03. Q&A
- 04. Appendix

Today's Presenters









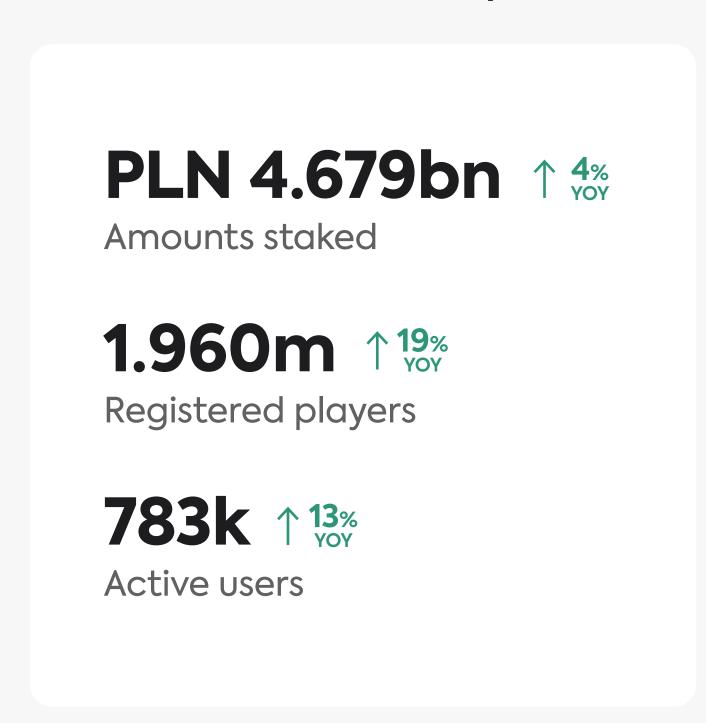
2022 Summary

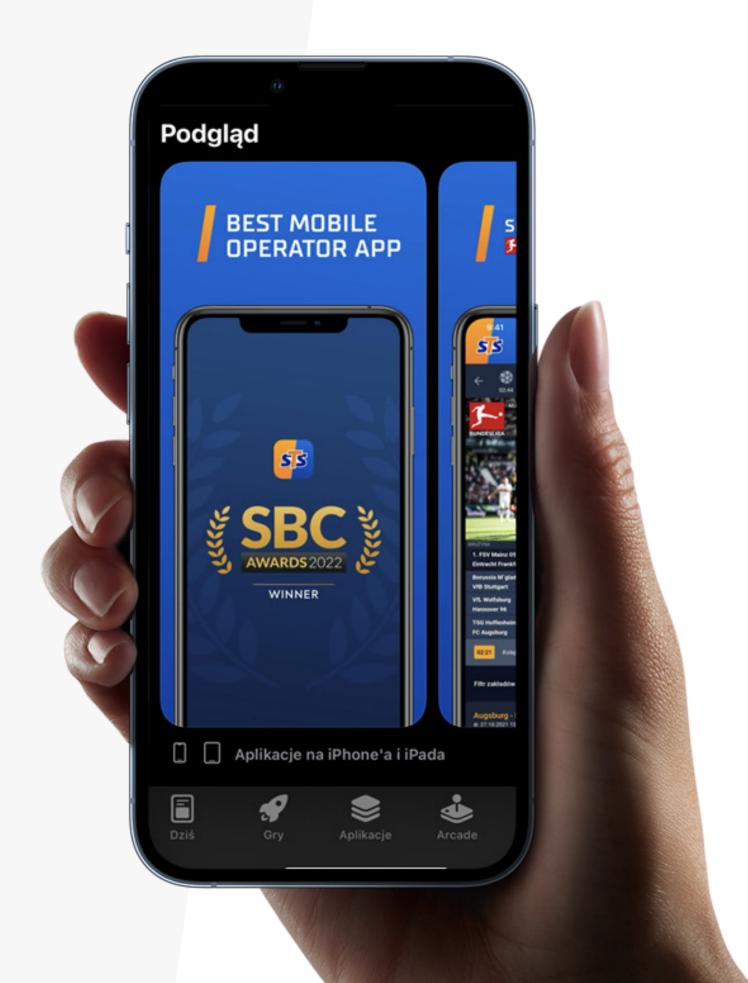
Outstanding business profile

PLN 1187m ↑ 9% YOY GGR

PLN 663m 17% NGR

Best customer reach and product







Business update FY 2022



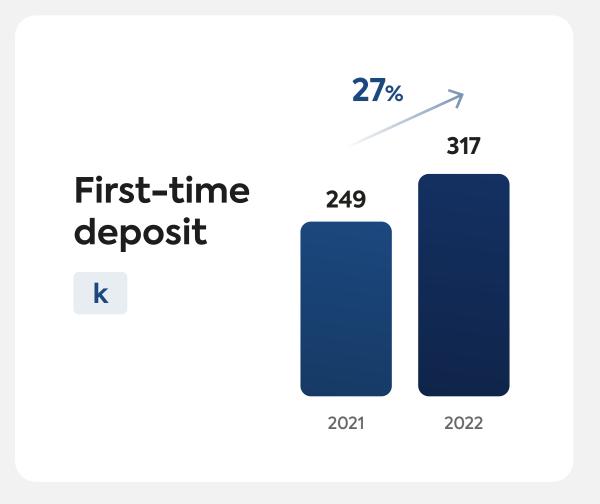


Business update FY 2022

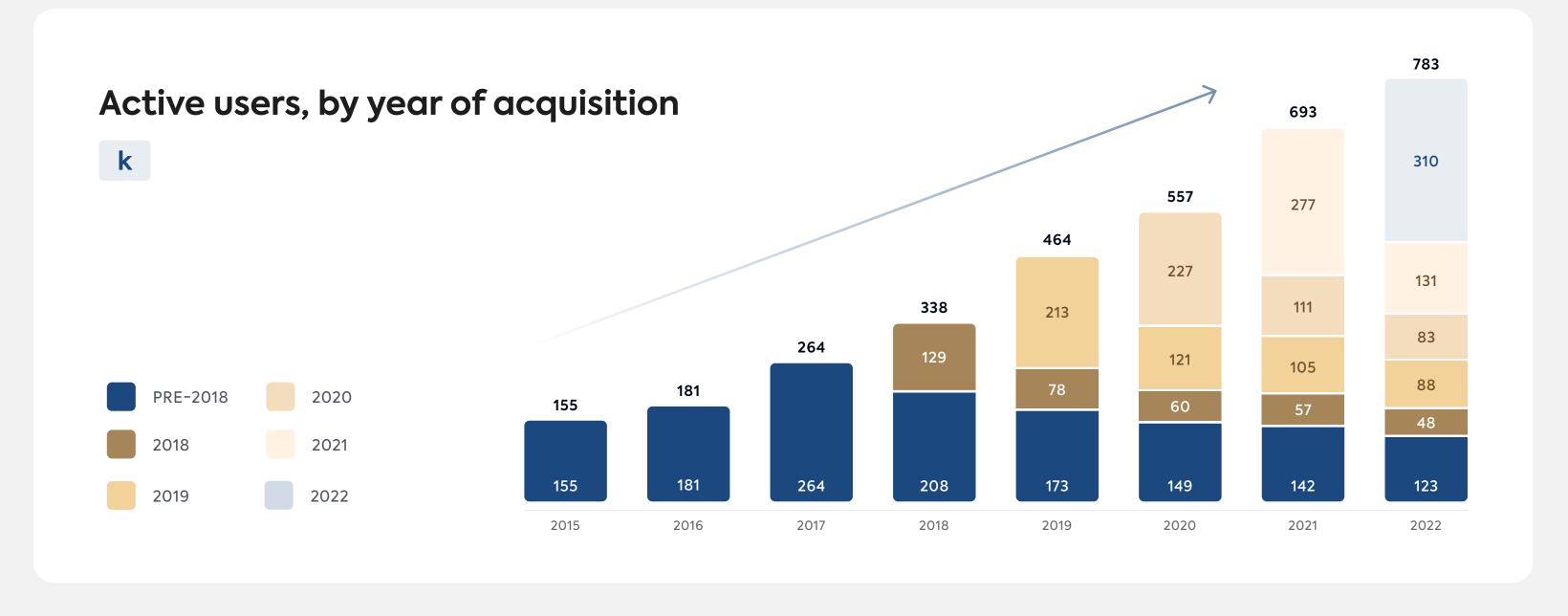














Business update Q4 2022



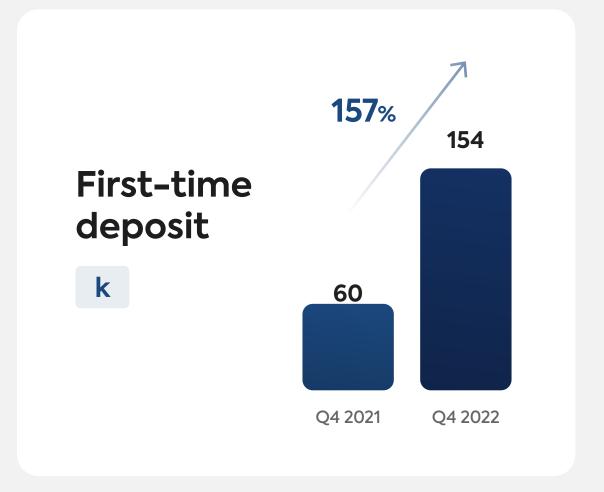


Business update Q4 2022

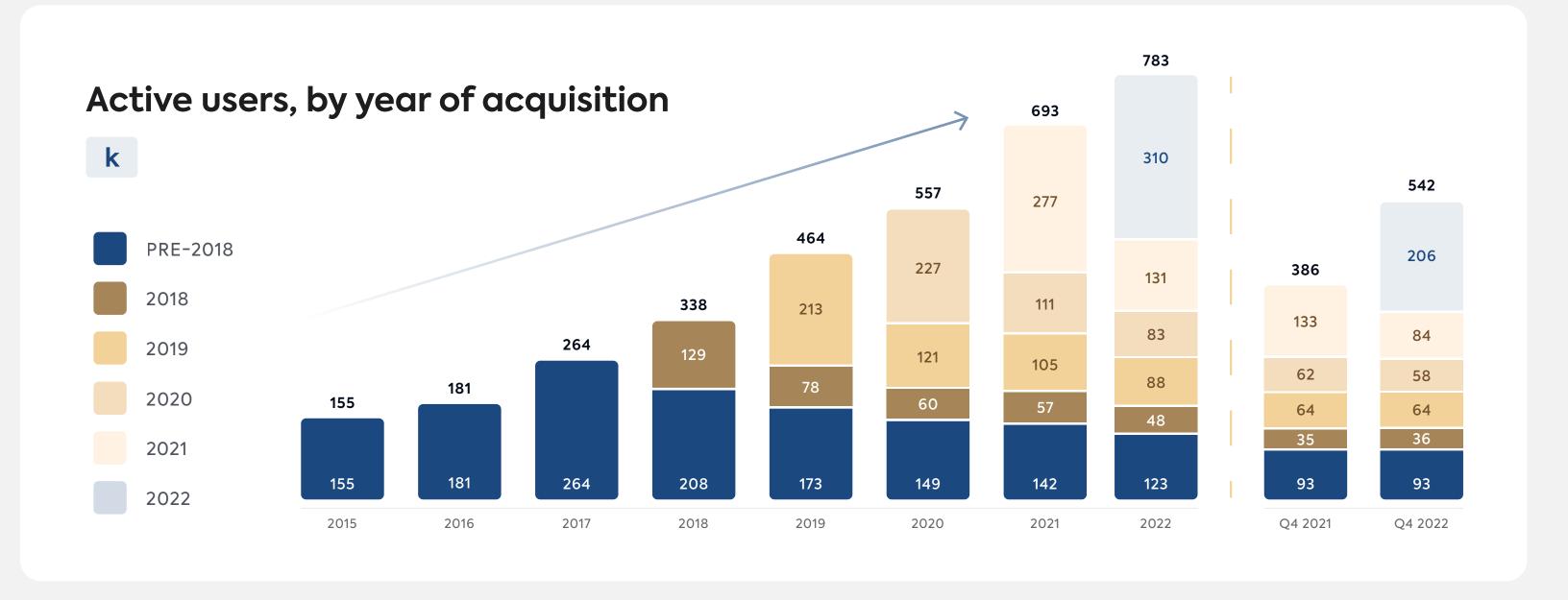














EURO 2020 vs World Cup 2022

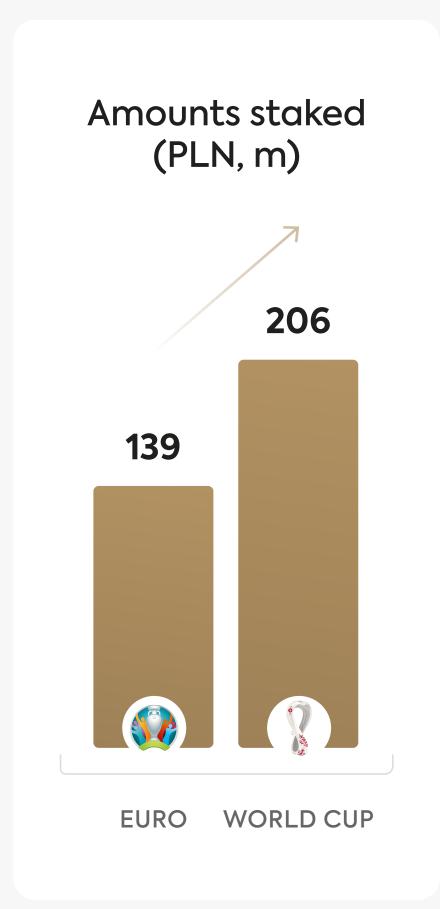


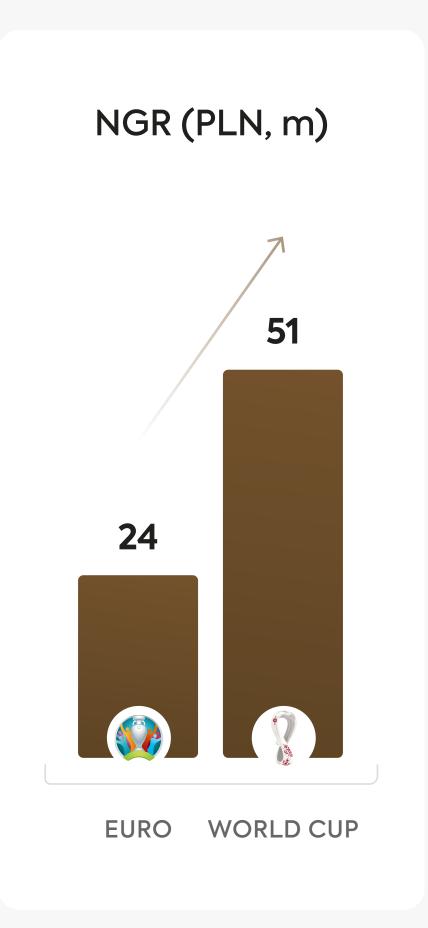


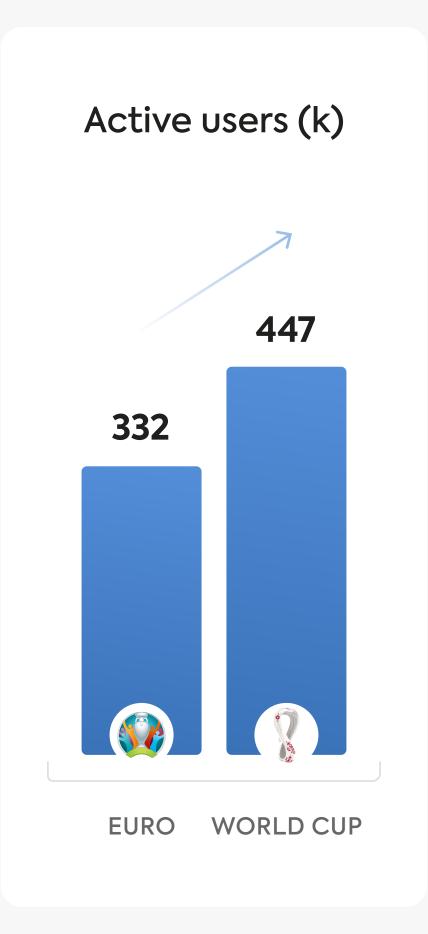


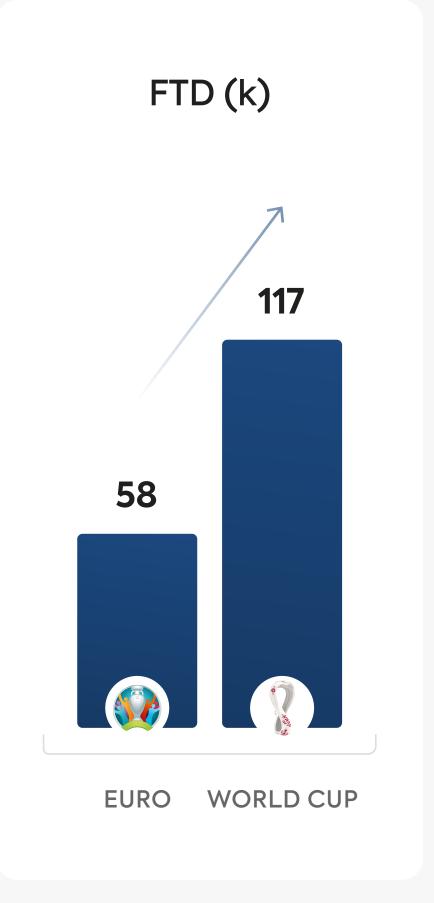
EURO 2020 vs World Cup 2022

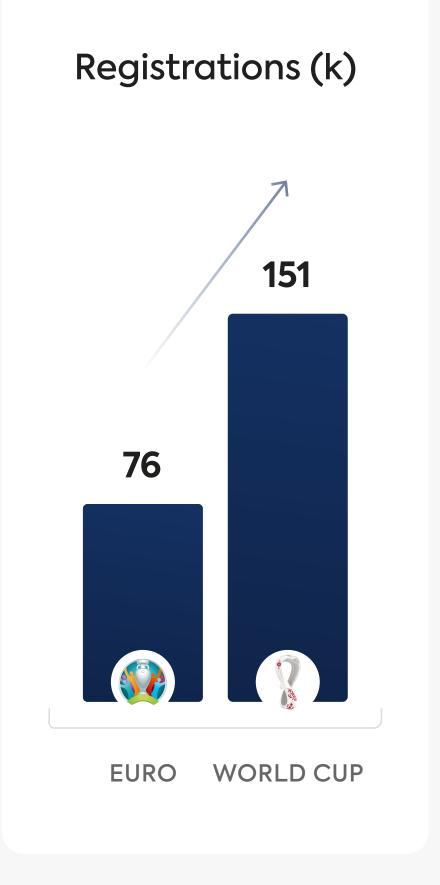








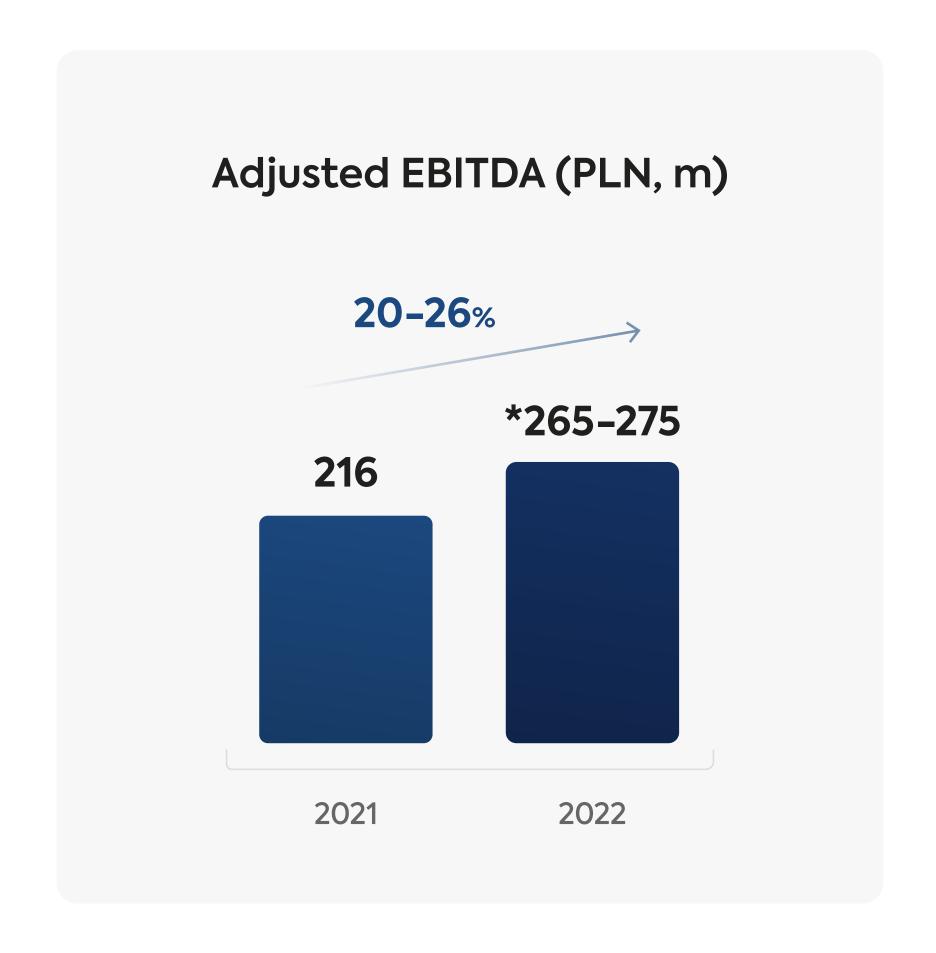


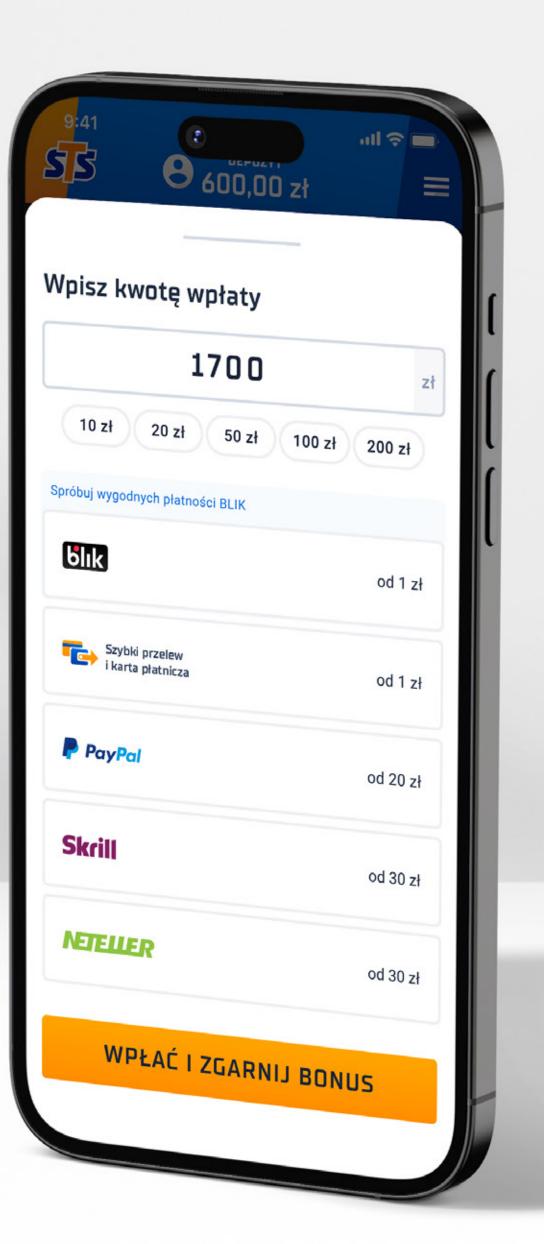






Estimation of adjusted EBITDA





* Preliminary estimation





Plans for 2023

Focusing on presence in Poland, limiting foreign activities under **UK and Estonia licenses**



New
agreement
with PZPN –
lower costs
for STS Group



Business
efectiveness
and synergies
- high
potential of
EBITDA growth



Q&A





Appendix – STS Group





Dividend in 2022

PLN 57,9m

August

October

PLN 42,3m

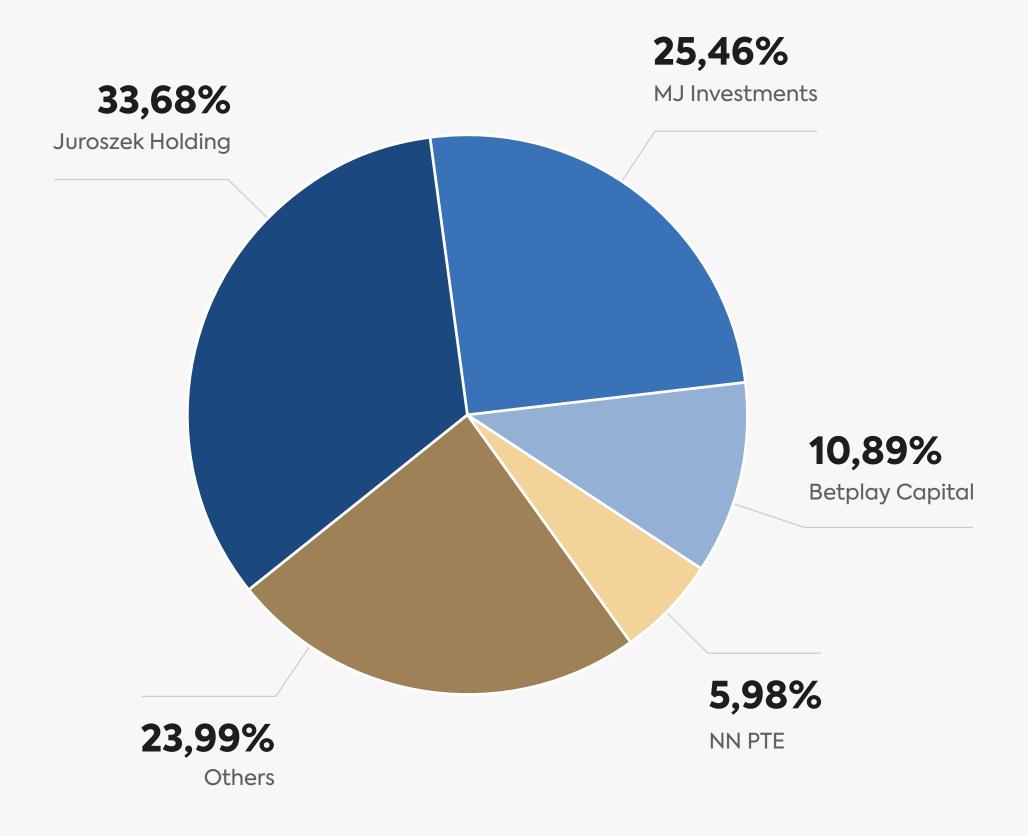




Structure of the Group

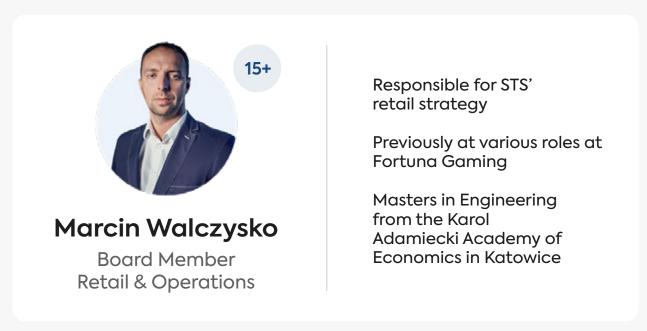


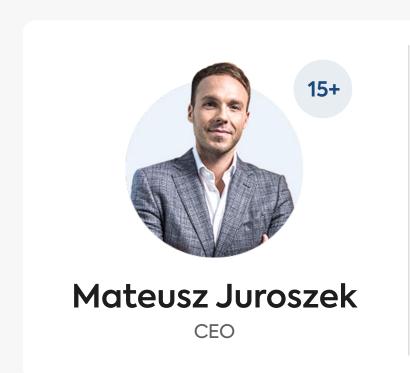
Shareholding structure





Committed and high-tech focused management team with deep industry experience



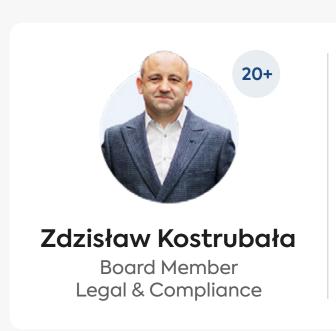


Joined STS in 2009

Took over as CEO in 2012

Led the digital transformation of STS

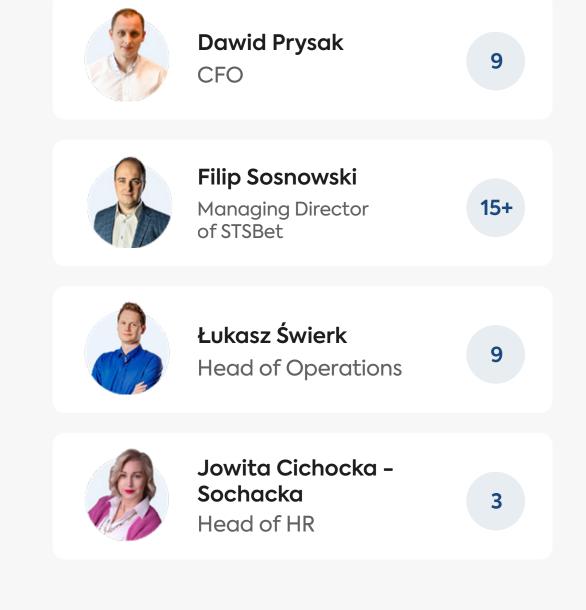
Graduated with a degree in Management and Marketing from the Kozminski University in Warsaw

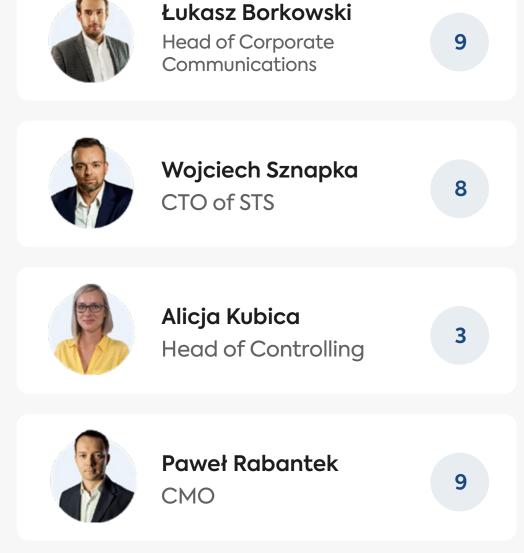


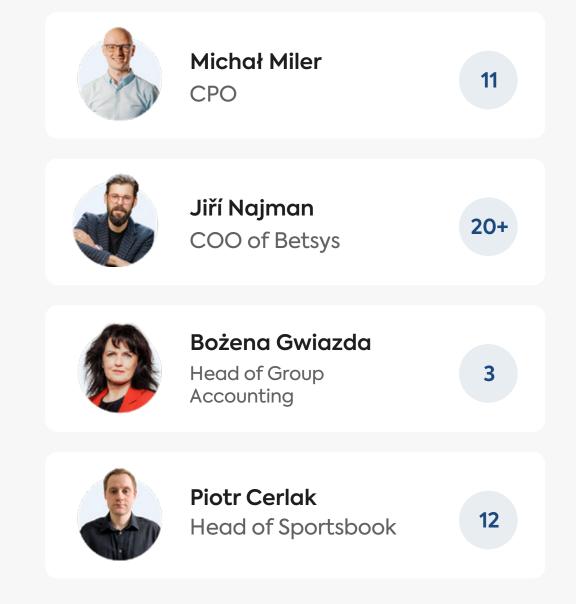
Independent proxy at
Betplay International
and MJ Investments

Gambling law expert
participated in legislative
work for Polish Gambling
Act

Masters in Engineering
from the Silesian
University of Technology
in Gliwice







YEARS IN THE INDUSTRY

18

Source: Company information



Full control over state-of-the-art vertically integrated technology



- In-house development of platform, web, native apps and retail solutions with an industry leading betting engine
- Acquisition of Betsys, Czech sports betting technology provider in 2020
- €18m invested in technology over last 4 years



Creation of a modular tech architecture allowing for swift product upgrades and innovation 99.9%
Betsys uptime

c.160
Tech staff

C.85

Developers

C.55
Other tech FTEs

C.20
BI/BA FTEs²

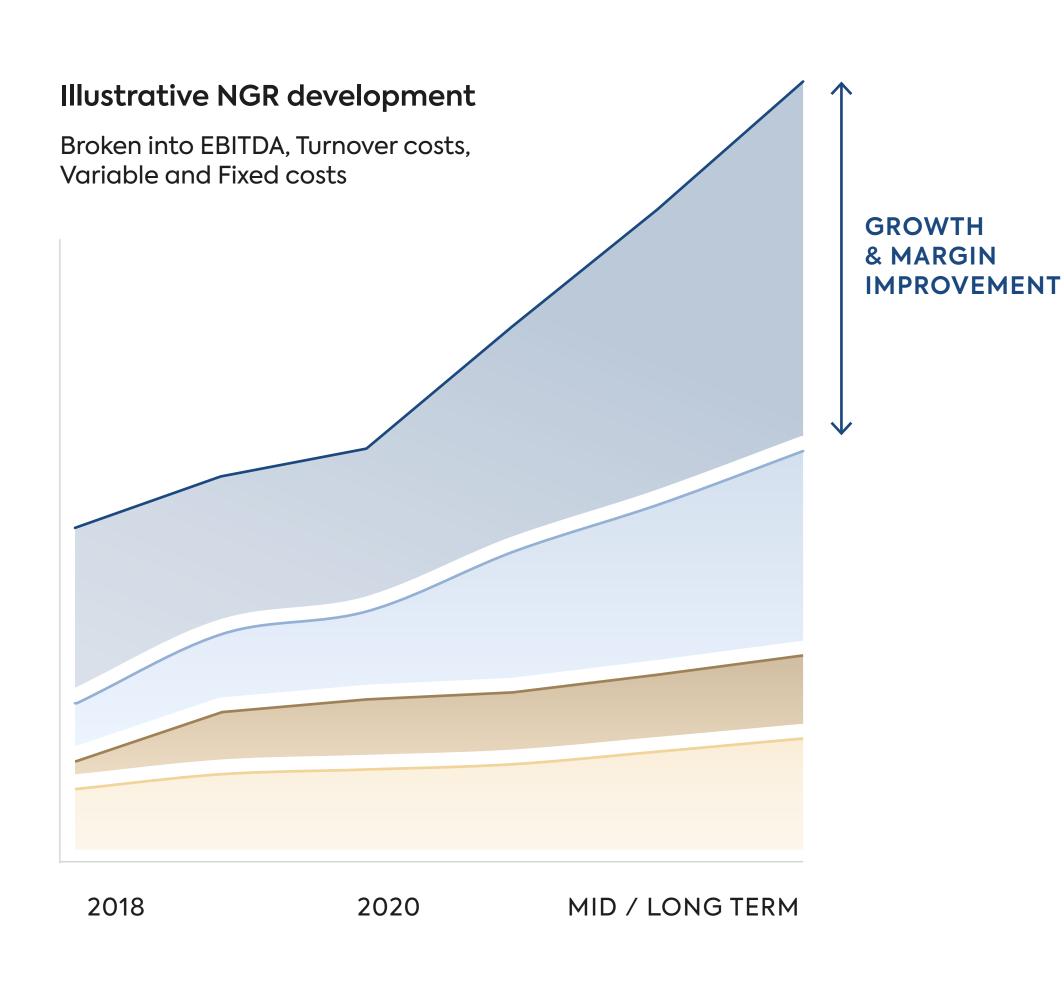


Why STS is unique

	TYPICAL EUROPEAN GAMING PEERS	TYPICAL US GAMING PEERS	HIGH QUALITY EUROPEAN & US GAMING PEERS	
Dominant market share	X	X	?	>40% market share in Poland
High future revenue growth (20%+)	X			Low-mid 20s% mid-term ¹
Profitability today		X	?	Ranging 40-53 % 2018-2020
100% regulated revenue	X		?	99% in Poland²
Stable regulatory environment	?			Gaming tax unchanged since 2009, license regime for onshore operators
Significant macro tailwinds (including GDP growth and growing mobile penetration)	X			16% online market CAGR 2020-2026³. Potential liberalisation of online casino?
No leverage	?		?	Historical growth funded organically



Significant margin improvement as NGR grows



EBITDA

Significant margin improvement as NGR grows and fixed and variable costs remain stable.

TURNOVER COSTS

Costs that are directly linked to, or incurred as an effect of, turnover (stakes):

Sports coverage fees

- Marketing (bonuses, media, acquisition)
- Fees to payment providers
- Betting services (revenue share)

VARIABLE COSTS

Costs that grow with turnover but at a slower pace:

- Betting services (odds, streaming, statistics)
- Investments in technology
- Other variable

FIXED COSTS

Costs that will remain stable as NGR grows, some increases driven by scaling staff numbers:

Personnel costs

Costs of other retail services

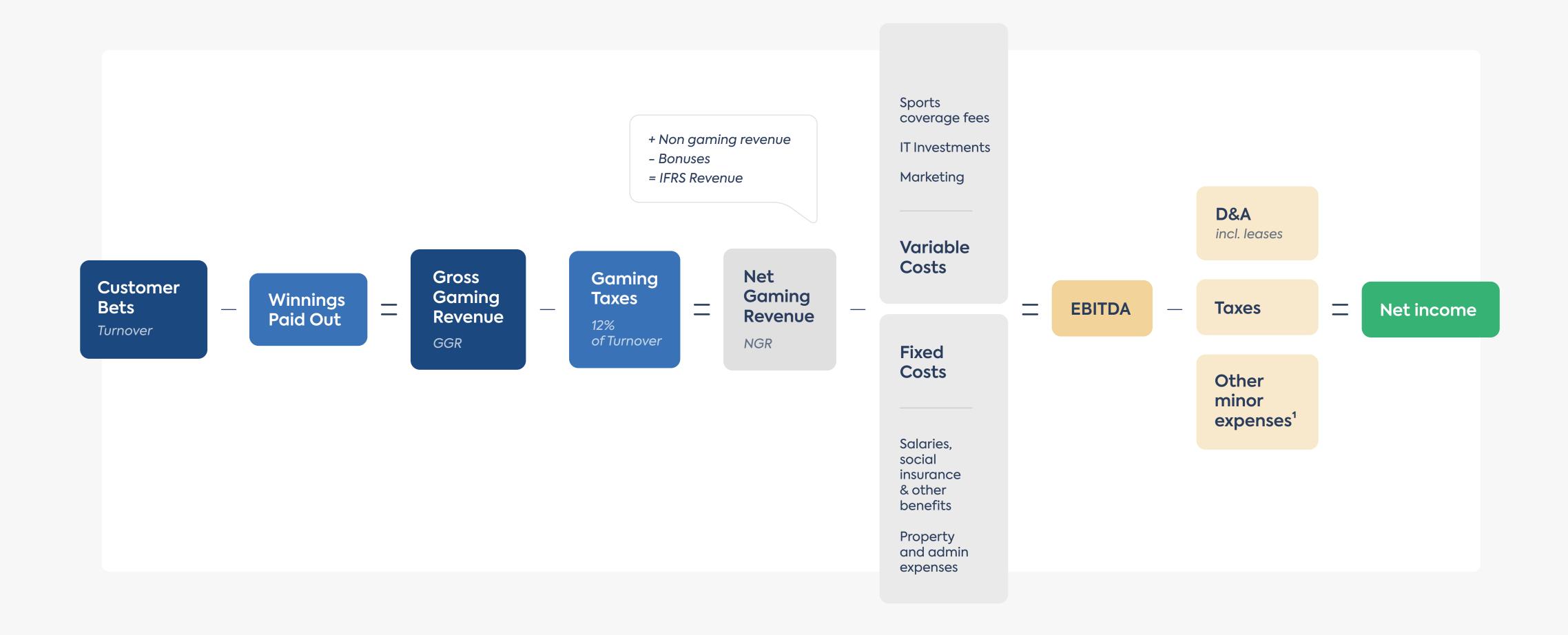
Marketing (PR, sponsoring)

- Usage of materials and energy
- Other stable expenses
- Property expenses (services)

Source: Company information 21

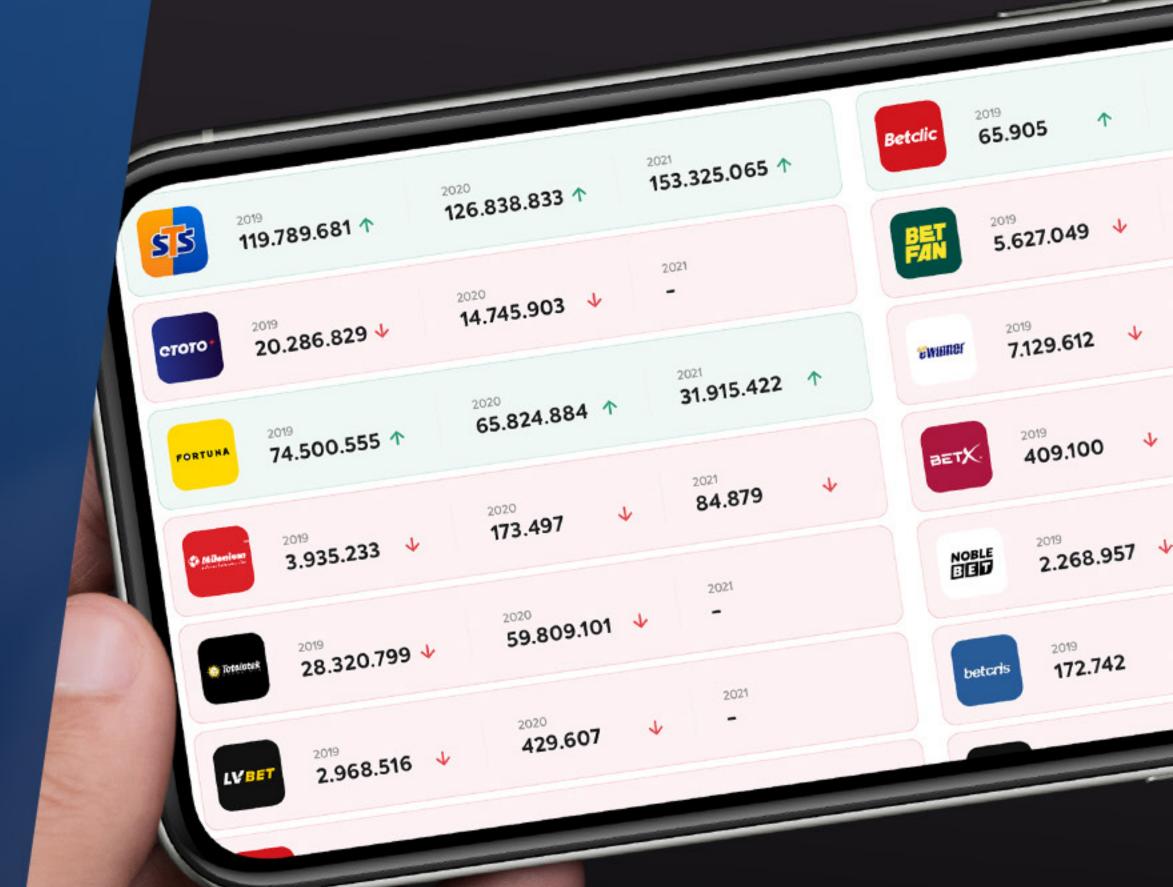


STS Group financial model





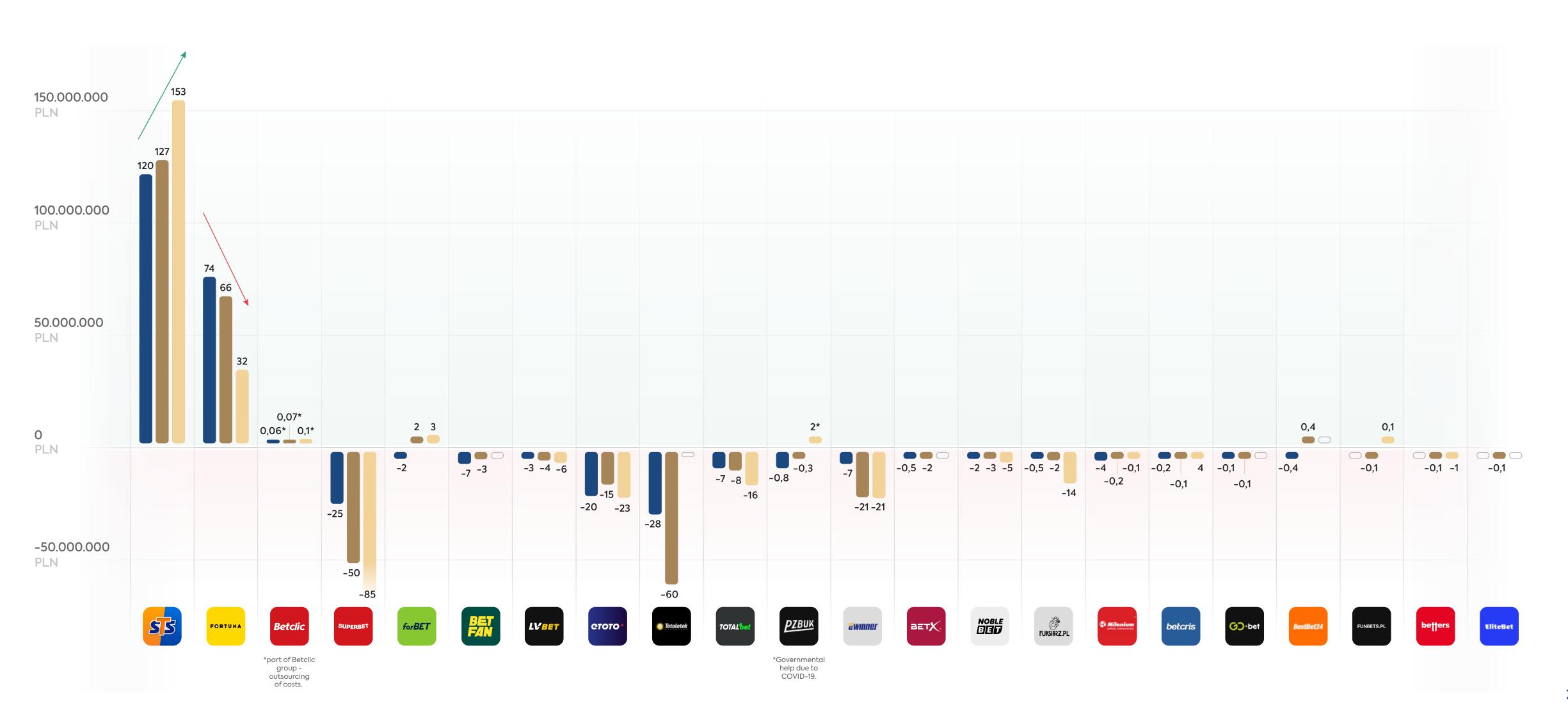
Polish gaming market





Financial results of Polish operators 2019 - 2021







Appendix – regulatory environment





Polish gaming regulatory position supportive of white market operations and ESG-compatible

Key regulations:

- Registry of domains to identify non-compliant accounts
- **Prohibition of payment services** to unlicensed sites
- **Restricted advertising -** licensed operators only and non-public except for mass events and in case of sponsorships
- Mandatory blocking of access to illegal websites

"The results of the analyses concerning the betting taxation model and its effective or budget-neutral change to the GGR model were presented to industry representatives in response to inquiries in this area or at industry meetings. There is currently no legislative work on the gaming tax being conducted."

Ministry of Finance press office, November 2021

Regulatory authority:



Ministry of Finance as the regulatory authority



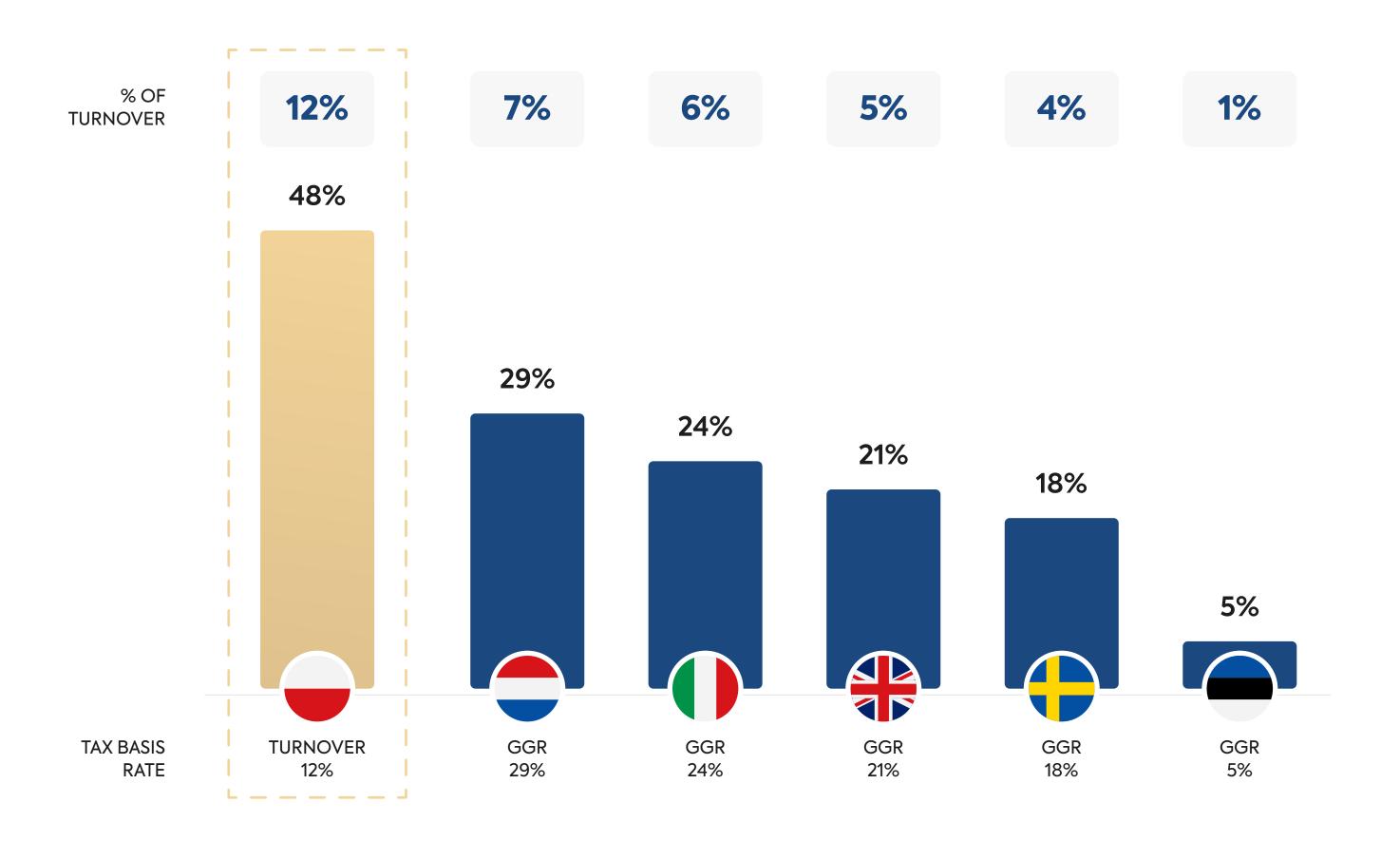
National Revenue Administration (NRA) runs day to day supervision

Source: CompanSource: Press, H2 Gambling Capital



Polish gaming tax is among the highest in Europe, creating barriers to entry

STS Gaming tax as % of GGR (PLNm)¹



- Stable tax rate since 2009
- One of the highest gaming tax rates in Europe with limited risk for increases
- In addition, fees are paid to the Polish Football Association (0.5% of turnover) to publish results of sporting events
- Significant income generated to the state with incentive to privatise iGaming from current state monopoly



Regulatory outlook

Taxation

Ministry of Finance doesn't work on any changes

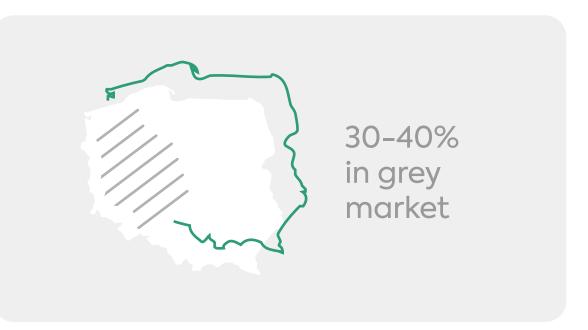
Casino Online

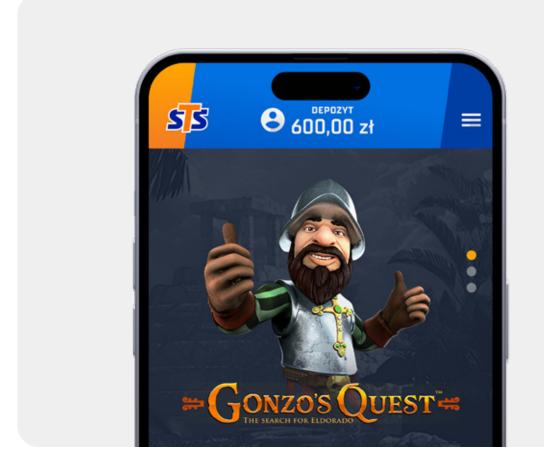
Liberalization beneficial for both operators and the State Treasury

Grey Market

30-40% of turnover in grey market



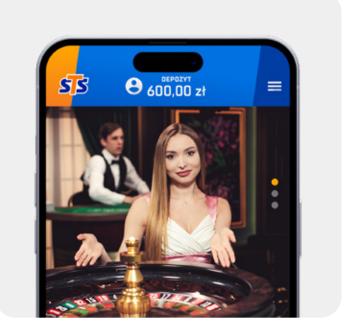












5 HOLDING